# EUROPEAN SHORE CRAB Carcinus maenas

## Key features

 Three rounded "teeth" or lobes between the eyes 2 Five spines on each side3 Adult up to 8 cm wide



A No swimming paddles on legs  Juveniles generally lighter in colour than adults



Adult colour varies from green on top and yellowish underneath, to mottled red and orange above and orange or partly red underneath



NOT IN NEW ZEALAND

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### Habitat

- Intertidal to 60 m depth
- Sand, mud, rock or seagrass beds
- Estuaries, harbours and coasts
- Generally nocturnal

### Impact

- Can form dense colonies (up to 200 per m<sup>2</sup>)
- Aggressive and highly effective predator
- Displaces native and fisheries species
- Highly detrimental to shellfish aquaculture
- Can collapse wild-harvest shellfisheries
- Facilitates other pest invasions

If found anywhere in New Zealand, immediately call 0800 80 99 66

# NATIVE SPECIES THAT LOOK SIMILAR



### How to differentiate Carcinus maenas from:

#### **Ovalipes catharus** SWIMMING/PADDLE CRAB

Hemigrapsus sexdentatus COMMON ROCK/ SHORE CRAB

### Leptograpsus variegatus PURPLE ROCK CRAB



- O. catharus is larger carapace width up to 15 cm, compared to 8 cm in Carcinus
- **2** *O. catharus* is sandy grey in colour with orange-red highlights
- **3** *O. catharus* has paddles on rear legs for swimming



- *H. sexdentatus* has no spines/lobes between the eyes
- *H. sexdentatus* has two (not five) spines on outer edges of carapace
- 3 *H. sexdentatus* has a distinctive square purple-and-cream carapace
- H. sexdentatus is smaller maximum width about 4 cm



- L. variegatus has no spines/lobes between the eyes
- 2 *L. variegatus* has three spines on each side of the carapace behind the eyes
- 3 *L. variegatus* has grooves on the surface of the carapace
- The carapace is variegated with many colours including green, brown, purple and cream
- **5** *L. variegatus* has a carapace less than 7.5 cm wide

To report suspected marine pests or diseases call 0800 80 99 66